GLOSSARY



Ausländer (Ausllander) – (German term), foreigners

Bajram – Eid, Islamic festival at the end of Ramadan, the fasting month for Muslims

çiftelia – a 'traditional' wooden lute (string instrument)

curle (also zurle or surle) – a kind of clarinet with a double reed

dallama – a long velvet jacket with embroidery

dasma – the wedding

def - tambourine

dimia - Turkish-style trousers of nine to twelve meters of fabric

familja e madhe – the wider family, also used for relatives/kin

familja e ngushtë or familja e vogël – the nuclear family

farefis - the close patrilocal kin group

fis – the wider patrilocal kin group

flia – a very work intensive dish made of various layers of pancake with yogurt and cream in between, made in a pan on an open fire

gjak – blood

gjjakmarrje – blood feuds

gurbet or kurbet - labour migration

gurbetgji – guest labourers, labour migrants

hanefi - Sunni tradition of Islam

havale – Islamic headscarf

hise - share of the parental property equally divided among brothers

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hoxha – imam

hup kohë – you lose time

iftar - meal during Ramadan to be taken after sunset

jashtë – outside

jelek - a stiff, velvet blazer with embroidery

kallabëllëk – a crowd, too many people (from Turkish)

kanun – customary law – a frame of reference for local justice dating back to Ottoman rule

katunar – villager (sometimes pejoratively used)

këmishë -blouse; in Opoja, it is stiff with handmade embroidered flowers

kënagjegji – farewell party of the girls of the *mahalla* the day before marriage

kepucë - shoes

kulla - fortified house in the shape of a tower, often with small windows

kulm – roof

kushëri - cousins of the patriline

lodra or tupana – large double-headed drum played with mallets

magjup – local name for Roma in Kosovo

mahalla – neighbourhood; in Opoja, it is the territorial organization of an agnatically based kin group

mahrama or *peshqir* – a white towel that has been (at least ideally) embroidered by the bride as a sign of the betrothal

marre - shameful, shame

mas luftës - after the war

martesa me dashni - 'love' or 'romantic' marriage

martesa me msit – marriage with an intermediator, 'arranged' marriage

me marrë dorën – to take their hands

medrese – Islamic school linked to the mosque and run by the local imam

mik – friend, also used for a relative from the maternal side

miqësi – the relatives of the in-married women, maternal/affinal kinship, also used for groups of friends; friendship)

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motrat - sisters
msit - mediator in an engagement, matchmaker in an arranged marriage
nuse - bride
para luftës – before the war
pite – puff pastry with filling (meat, cheese, potatoes or cabbage)
qejz – marriage trousseau
rrënjët - roots
rrethi - the social circle, the community
salloni i dasmave - wedding salon
shtëpia or shpia – the house
shtëpia e madhe or familja e bashkuar – the joint family
syfyr – meal within Ramadan to be taken before sunrise
syneti – the circumcision
syni i keq – evil eyes
temena – a highly ritualized hand gesture that is the bride's special
   greeting
teshat - clothes
vajza – the girl (used for unmarried girls who have reached the age of
   puberty)
valle – traditional circle dance
vallja e burrave – elaborate group dance of kin-related men of the ma-
   halla that consists of difficult step combinations and rhythms (not
   necessarily kin related)
vëllai – the brother
vëllezërit - brothers
verza – the celebration of the beginning of spring, 13 March
xhaxhai - the paternal uncle
zoti i shpisë – the household head
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